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Fiftieth session

ANNOTATIONS TO THE PROVISIONAL AGENDA

Prepared by the Secretary-General

Addendum

1. The present document has been prepared to complete the annotations to the provisional agenda of the Commission on Human Rights at its fiftieth session (E/CN.4/1994/1/Add.1). Its purpose is to bring to the attention of the Commission those resolutions adopted by the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session which are considered relevant to the agenda items of this session of the Commission. A list of those resolutions is contained in the annex.

2. The following paragraphs complete the annotations to the provisional agenda and contain a number of revisions to the annotations contained in the earlier document.

Item 2. Adoption of the agenda

Popular participation in its various forms as an important factor in development and in the full realization of all human rights

3. The attention of the Commission is drawn to Commission resolution 1991/12, by which it decided to consider the question of popular participation at its forty-ninth session under the agenda sub-item "Popular participation in its various forms as an important factor in development and in the full realization of all human rights".

4. Since the above-mentioned sub-item was omitted from the agenda of the Commission at its forty-ninth session, it is to be included in the provisional agenda, under item 7, as sub-item (a).

Proposal by the Government of Georgia for inclusion of a new item in the agenda

5. The attention of the Commission is drawn to document E/CN.4/1994/90, containing the text of a letter dated 8 December 1993 from the Deputy Chairman of the Committee for Human Rights and Ethnic Relations of the Republic of Georgia, addressed to the Assistant Secretary-General for Human Rights. In the letter, it is requested that an agenda item entitled "Practices of ethnic cleansing in situations of internal conflicts" be included in the provisional agenda of the fiftieth session of the Commission as item 11 (e).

6. In accordance with rule 5, paragraph 2 (c), of the rules of procedure of the functional commissions of the Economic and Social Council, the above-mentioned sub-item is included in the provisional agenda.

International Year of the Family

7. The attention of the Commission is drawn to the letter dated 25 November 1993 from the Coordinator for the International Year of the Family, addressed to the Assistant Secretary-General for Human Rights (E/CN.4/1994/89). As mentioned in the letter, the General Assembly adopted resolution 47/237 of 20 September 1993, entitled "International Year of the Family", by which it requested the Commission on Human Rights to include in the agenda of its session in 1994 consideration of the principles and objectives of the Year in the context of its major area of concern, and to propose specific follow-up measures regarding human rights.

8. In accordance with rule 5, paragraph 2 (b), of the rules of procedure of the functional commissions of the Economic and Social Council, the item "International Year of the Family" is included in the provisional agenda.

Item 3. Organization of the work of the Commission

Human rights in El Salvador

9. At its forty-eighth session, the General Assembly adopted resolution 48/149 of 20 December 1993, entitled "Situation of human rights in El Salvador".

Item 4. Question of the violation of human rights in the occupied Arab territories, including Palestine

10. At its forty-eighth session, the General Assembly considered the reports of the Special Committee to Investigate Israeli Practices Affecting the Human Rights of the Palestinian People and Other Arabs of the Occupied Territories (A/48/96, A/48/278 and A/48/557).

11. The General Assembly adopted resolution 48/41 A to D on 10 December 1993. In resolution A, the General Assembly requested the Special Committee, pending complete termination of the Israeli occupation, to continue to investigate Israeli policies and practices in the occupied Palestinian territory and other Arab territories occupied by Israel since 1967.

Item 6. Adverse consequences for the enjoyment of human rights of political, military, economic and other forms of assistance given to the racist and colonialist regime in South Africa

12. Under this agenda item, the Commission will have before it the report by the Special Rapporteur of the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities on monitoring the transition to democracy in South Africa, Ms. Judith Sefi Attah, on her visit to South Africa in December 1993 (E/CN.4/Sub.2/1993/11/Add.1).

Item 8. Question of the realization of the right to development

13. In its resolution 48/130 of 20 December 1993, entitled "Right to development", the General Assembly called upon the Commission on Human Rights to continue to make proposals to the General Assembly, through the Economic and Social Council, on the future course of action on the question, in particular on practical measures for the implementation and enhancement of the Declaration on the Right to Development, taking into account the conclusions and recommendations of the Global Consultation on the Realization of the Right to Development as a Human Right and the report of the Working Group on the Right to Development.

Item 9. The right of peoples to self-determination and its application to peoples under colonial or alien domination or foreign occupation

14. In its resolution 48/93 of 20 December 1993, entitled "Universal realization of the right of peoples to self-determination", the General Assembly requested the Commission on Human Rights to continue to give special attention to the violation of human rights, especially the right to self-determination, resulting from foreign military intervention, aggression or occupation.

15. The attention of the Commission on Human Rights is also drawn to General Assembly resolution 48/94 of 20 December 1993, entitled "Importance of the universal realization of the right of peoples to self-determination and of the speedy granting of independence to colonial countries and peoples for the effective guarantee and observance of human rights".

Special Rapporteur on the question of mercenaries

16. In its resolution 48/92, entitled "Use of mercenaries as a means to violate human rights and to impede the exercise of the right of peoples to self-determination", the General Assembly requested the Centre for Human Rights to organize, within the framework of its existing resources, working meetings to analyse the philosophical, political and legal aspects of this question, in the light of the recommendations contained in the report of

the Special Rapporteur, and requested the Special Rapporteur of the Commission on Human Rights to report to the General Assembly at its forty-ninth session on the use of mercenaries, especially in view of the additional elements highlighted in his report.

Item 10. Question of the human rights of all persons subjected to any form of detention or imprisonment

17. At its forty-eighth session, the General Assembly adopted resolution 48/137 of 20 December 1993, entitled "Human rights in the administration of justice", in which it urged the Secretary-General to consider favourably requests for assistance by States in the field of the administration of justice within the framework of the United Nations programme of advisory services and technical assistance in the field of human rights, and to strengthen coordination of activities in this field. It strongly recommended, in this context, that the establishment of a comprehensive programme within the system of advisory services and technical assistance be considered in order to help States in the task of building and strengthening adequate national structures that have a direct impact on the overall observance of human rights and the maintenance of the rule of law.

Item 11. Further promotion and encouragement of human rights and fundamental freedoms, including the question of the programme and methods of work of the Commission

Sub-item (a) Alternative approaches and ways and means within the United Nations system for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms

18. In its resolution 48/123 of 20 December 1993, entitled "Alternative approaches and ways and means within the United Nations system for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms", the General Assembly reiterated its request that the Commission on Human Rights should continue its current work on overall analysis with a view to further promoting and strengthening human rights and fundamental freedoms, including the question of the programme and working methods of the Commission, and on the overall analysis of the alternative approaches and ways and means for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms in accordance with the provisions and ideas set forth in General Assembly resolution 32/130. In the same resolution, the Assembly urged all States to cooperate with the Commission on Human Rights in the promotion and protection of human rights and fundamental freedoms.

High Commissioner for the promotion and protection of all human rights

19. The attention of the Commission is drawn to General Assembly resolution 48/141 of 20 December 1993, entitled "High Commissioner for the promotion and protection of all human rights".

Non-selectivity, impartiality and objectivity

20. In its resolution 48/125 of 20 December 1993, entitled "Strengthening of United Nations action in the field of human rights through the promotion of

international cooperation and the importance of non-selectivity, impartiality and objectivity", the General Assembly requested the Commission on Human Rights, at its fiftieth session, to continue to examine ways and means to strengthen United Nations action in that regard on the basis of resolution 48/125 and of Commission resolution 1993/59.

Rights of women

21. In its resolution 48/104 of 20 December 1993, entitled "Declaration on the Elimination of Violence against Women", the General Assembly proclaimed the Declaration and urged that every effort be made so that it became generally known and respected.

22. In its resolution 48/110 of 20 December 1993, entitled "Violence against women migrant workers", the General Assembly called upon, among others, competent bodies and specialized agencies of the United Nations system to inform the Secretary-General of the extent of the problem and to recommend further measures to implement the purposes of the resolution.

23. The attention of the Commission is also drawn to the following General Assembly resolutions all of 20 December 1993: 48/105, entitled "International Research and Training Institute for the Advancement of Women"; 48/106, entitled "Improvement of the status of women in the Secretariat"; 48/107, entitled "United Nations Development Fund for Women"; 48/108, entitled "Implementation of the Nairobi Forward-looking Strategies for the Advancement of Women"; 48/109, entitled "Improvement of the situation of women in rural areas" and 48/111, entitled "Merger of the International Research and Training Institute for the Advancement of Women and the United Nations Development Fund for Women".

Education and human rights

24. In its resolution 48/127 of 20 December 1993, entitled "Decade for human rights education", the General Assembly requested the Commission on Human Rights, in cooperation with Member States, human rights treaty-monitoring bodies, other appropriate bodies and competent non-governmental organizations, to consider proposals for a United Nations decade for human rights education, which should be incorporated by the Secretary-General into a plan of action for such a decade and submitted, through the Economic and Social Council, to the General Assembly at its forty-ninth session with a view to the proclamation of a decade for human rights education.

25. In the same resolution, the General Assembly requested the Secretary-General to consider the establishment of a voluntary fund for human rights education, with special provision for the support of the human rights education activities of non-governmental organizations, to be administered by the Centre for Human Rights.

Human rights and terrorism

26. The attention of the Commission is drawn to General Assembly resolution 48/122 of 20 December 1993, entitled "Human rights and terrorism".

National sovereignty and non-interference

27. In its resolution 48/124 of 20 December 1993, entitled "Respect for the principles of national sovereignty and non-interference in the internal affairs of States in their electoral processes", the General Assembly called upon the Commission on Human Rights at its fiftieth session to continue giving priority to the review of the fundamental factors that negatively affect the observance of the principles of national sovereignty and non-interference in the internal affairs of States in their electoral processes and to report to the General Assembly at its forty-ninth session, through the Economic and Social Council.

United Nations Year for Tolerance

28. The attention of the Commission is drawn to General Assembly resolution 48/126 of 20 December 1993, entitled "United Nations Year for Tolerance".

Periodic and genuine elections

29. The attention of the Commission is drawn to General Assembly resolution 48/131 of 20 December 1993, entitled "Enhancing the effectiveness of the principle of periodic and genuine elections".

Rule of law

30. In its resolution 48/132 of 20 December 1993, entitled "Strengthening of the rule of law", the General Assembly endorsed the recommendation of the World Conference on Human Rights that a comprehensive programme be established within the United Nations and under the coordination of the Centre for Human Rights, with a view to helping States in the task of building and strengthening adequate national structures which have a direct impact on the overall observance of human rights and the maintenance of the rule of law.

31. In the same resolution, the General Assembly requested the Secretary-General, in accordance with the recommendation contained in section II, paragraph 70, of the Vienna Declaration and Programme of Action, to submit concrete proposals to the General Assembly at its forty-ninth session containing alternatives for the establishment, structure, operational modalities and funding of the proposed programme, taking into account existing programmes and activities already undertaken by the Centre for Human Rights, and requested the Commission on Human Rights to remain actively seized of this question, with a view to further elaborating the outline of the proposed programme.

32. The attention of the Commission is drawn to Commission resolution 1993/50 entitled "Strengthening of the rule of law", in which it decided to consider the question at its fiftieth session.

Sub-item (b) National institutions for the promotion and protection of human rights

33. The attention of the Commission is drawn to General Assembly resolution 48/134 of 20 December 1993, entitled "National institutions for the promotion and protection of human rights", and its annex containing the "Principles relating to the status of national institutions".

Sub-item (c) Coordinating role of the Centre for Human Rights within the United Nations bodies and machinery dealing with the promotion and protection of human rights

34. In its resolution 48/129 of 20 December 1993, entitled "Strengthening of the Centre for Human Rights of the Secretariat", the General Assembly requested the Secretary-General to submit an interim report to the Commission on Human Rights at its fiftieth session and a final report to the General Assembly at its forty-ninth session on the strengthening of the Centre for Human Rights and on the measures taken to implement the resolution. The Commission will have before it the report of the Secretary-General on this matter (E/CN.4/1994/74).

Sub-item (d) Human rights, mass exoduses and displaced persons

35. In its resolution 48/139 of 20 December 1993, entitled "Human rights and mass exoduses", the General Assembly welcomed the recommendation in Commission on Human Rights resolution 1993/70 that special rapporteurs, special representatives and working groups studying situations of violation of human rights should pay attention to problems resulting in mass exoduses of populations and, where appropriate, report and make relevant recommendations to the Commission and, in the same resolution, invited the Commission on Human Rights to keep the question of human rights and mass exoduses under review with a view to supporting the early-warning arrangement instituted by the Secretary-General to avert new massive flows of refugees and displaced persons.

36. In its resolution 48/135 of 20 December 1993, entitled "Internally displaced persons", the General Assembly took note with appreciation of the report of the representative of the Secretary-General on internally displaced persons (A/48/579, annex) and urged all concerned United Nations agencies and organizations to provide all possible assistance and support to the representative in the implementation of his programme of activities.

37. The attention of the Commission is also drawn to General Assembly resolution 48/113 of 20 December 1993, entitled "Convening of a United Nations conference for the comprehensive consideration and review of the problems of refugees, returnees, displaced persons and migrants".

Item 12. Question of violations of human rights and fundamental freedoms in any part of the world, with particular reference to colonial and other dependent countries and territories

Situation of human rights in various countries

(a) Situation of human rights in the Islamic Republic of Iran

38. In its resolution 48/145 of 20 December 1993, entitled "Situation of human rights in the Islamic Republic of Iran", the General Assembly regretted that the Government of the Islamic Republic of Iran had still not permitted the Special Representative of the Commission to visit the country in order to enable him fully to discharge his mandate by according him full cooperation, and endorsed the view of the Special Representative that the international monitoring of the human rights situation in the Islamic Republic of Iran should be continued.

(c) Situation of human rights in Afghanistan

39. In its resolution 48/152 of 20 December 1993, entitled "Situation of human rights in Afghanistan", the General Assembly, taking note with appreciation of the report of the Special Rapporteur on the situation of human rights in Afghanistan (A/48/584, annex) and of the conclusions and recommendations contained therein, recommended the translation into the dari and pashtu languages of the report.

(d) Situation of human rights in Myanmar

40. The attention of the Commission is drawn to General Assembly resolution 48/150 of 20 December 1993, entitled "Situation of human rights in Myanmar".

(e) Situation of human rights in Cuba

41. The attention of the Commission is drawn to resolution 48/142 of 20 December 1993, entitled "Situation of human rights in Cuba", in which the General Assembly commended the Special Rapporteur of the Commission for his interim report on the situation of human rights in Cuba (A/48/562).

(f) Situation of human rights in the territory of the former Yugoslavia

42. In its resolution 48/143 of 20 December 1993, entitled "Rape and abuse of women in the areas of armed conflict in the former Yugoslavia", the General Assembly invited the Commission on Human Rights to request the Special Rapporteur to continue investigation into the rape and abuse of women and children in the areas of armed conflict in the former Yugoslavia, in particular in Bosnia and Herzegovina, and requested the Secretary-General to submit a report on the implementation of the resolution to the General Assembly no later than 31 January 1994.

43. In its resolution 48/153 of 20 December 1993, entitled "Situation of human rights in the territory of the former Yugoslavia: violations of human rights in the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina, the Republic of Croatia and the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro)", the General Assembly urged, among others, all States, United Nations bodies and the Special Rapporteur to make available substantiated information in their possession or submitted to them relating to the violations and the perpetrators of such violations of international humanitarian law, including grave breaches of the Geneva Conventions, in Bosnia and Herzegovina, Croatia and the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) to the International Tribunal established by Security Council resolution 827 (1993) and, in the same resolution, invited the Commission on Human Rights at its fiftieth session to request the Special Rapporteur to report to the General Assembly at its forty-ninth session.

(g) Situation of human rights in Iraq

44. In its resolution 48/144 of 20 December 1993, entitled "Situation of human rights in Iraq", the General Assembly decided to continue its consideration of the situation of human rights in Iraq during its forty-ninth session under the item entitled "Human rights questions" in the light of additional elements provided by the Commission on Human Rights and the Economic and Social Council.

(h) Situation of human rights in Haiti

45. In its resolution 48/151 of 20 December 1993, entitled "Situation of human rights in Haiti", the General Assembly decided to consider the situation further at its forty-ninth session in the light of the information supplied by the Commission on Human Rights and the Economic and Social Council.

(i) Situation of human rights in the Sudan

46. In its resolution 48/147 of 20 December 1993, entitled "Situation of human rights in Sudan", the General Assembly invited the Commission on Human Rights at its fiftieth session to give urgent attention to the situation of human rights in the Sudan.

(o) Situation of human rights in Estonia and Latvia

47. The attention of the Commission on Human Rights is drawn to General Assembly resolution 48/155 of 20 December 1993, entitled "Situation of human rights in Estonia and Latvia".

Item 14. Implementation of the Programme of Action for the Second Decade to Combat Racism and Racial Discrimination

48. At its forty-eighth session, the General Assembly adopted resolution 48/91 of 20 December 1993, entitled "Third Decade to Combat Racism and Racial Discrimination". In this resolution, the General Assembly decided to proclaim the Third Decade to Combat Racism and Racial Discrimination, beginning in 1993, and to adopt the Programme of Action proposed for the Third Decade contained in the annex to the resolution. The Assembly also

decided that the international community, in general, and the United Nations, in particular, should continue to give the highest priority to programmes for combating racism, racial discrimination and apartheid and intensify their efforts, during the Third Decade to Combat Racism and Racial Discrimination, to provide assistance and relief to the victims of racism and all forms of racial discrimination and apartheid. It requested the Secretary-General to ensure that the necessary financial resources were provided for the implementation of the activities of the Third Decade during the biennium 1994-1995.

Item 15. Status of the International Covenants on Human Rights

49. At its forty-eighth session, the General Assembly adopted resolution 48/119 of 20 December 1993, entitled "International Covenants on Human Rights". In the resolution, the General Assembly requested the Secretary-General, in accordance with the Vienna Declaration and Programme of Action, to make appropriate arrangements for additional resources from within the regular budget to be provided to the Human Rights Committee for dealing in an effective and timely manner with the increasing workload under the Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights and to ensure that the Centre for Human Rights effectively assisted the Human Rights Committee and the Committee on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights in the implementation of their respective mandates.

Item 16. Effective functioning of bodies established pursuant to United Nations human rights instruments

50. At its forty-eighth session, the General Assembly adopted resolution 48/90 of 20 December 1993, entitled "Report of the Committee on the Elimination of Racial Discrimination", in which it expressed its profound concern at the fact that a number of States parties to the International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination still had not fulfilled their financial obligations, and requested the Secretary-General to continue to ensure adequate financial arrangements and appropriate means to enable the functioning of the Committee and to invite those States parties which were in arrears to pay the amounts in arrears.

51. The General Assembly also adopted resolution 48/120 of 20 December 1993, entitled "Effective implementation of international instruments on human rights, including reporting obligations under international instruments on human rights", in which it welcomed the emphasis placed by the meeting of persons chairing the human rights treaty bodies and by the Commission on Human Rights on the importance of advisory services and technical assistance and, further to that end, endorsed the request of the Commission that the Secretary-General should report regularly to the Commission on possible technical assistance projects identified by the treaty bodies. It also endorsed the recommendations of the meeting of persons chairing the human rights treaty bodies on the need to ensure financing and adequate staffing resources for the operations of the treaty bodies and, with that in mind, requested the Secretary-General to report on the question to the Commission on Human Rights at its fiftieth session. The Commission will have before it the report of the Secretary-General on this question.

Item 17. Report of the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities on its forty-fifth session

52. At its forty-eighth session, the General Assembly adopted two resolutions relating to indigenous peoples, namely, resolution 48/133 of 20 December 1993, entitled "International Year of the World's Indigenous People, 1993" and resolution 48/163 of 21 December 1993 entitled "International Decade of the World's Indigenous People". The resolutions take up, inter alia, the recommendations of the World Conference on Human Rights on this question as contained in the Vienna Declaration and Programme of Action (A/CONF.157/23, Part II.B.2, paras. 28-32). In the former resolution the Commission on Human Rights is requested to convene a meeting of participating parties in the programmes and projects of the Year, from 20 to 23 July 1994, to report to the Working Group on Indigenous Populations on the conclusions that could be drawn from the activities of the year for the elaboration of a detailed plan of action and the establishment of a funding plan for the Decade. In the latter resolution, the Commission is requested at its fiftieth session to give priority consideration to the establishment of a permanent forum for indigenous people in the United Nations system.

Item 18. Rights of persons belonging to national, ethnic, religious and linguistic minorities

53. At its forty-eighth session, the General Assembly adopted resolution 48/138 of 20 December 1993, entitled "Declaration on the Rights of Persons Belonging to National or Ethnic, Religious and Linguistic Minorities" in which it called upon the Commission on Human Rights to examine ways and means to promote and protect effectively the rights of persons belonging to minorities as set out in the Declaration. It also called upon the Secretary-General to provide through the Centre for Human Rights, at the request of Governments concerned and as part of the programme of advisory services and technical assistance of the Centre, qualified expertise on minority issues and human rights, as well as on the prevention and resolution of disputes, to assist in existing or potential situations involving minorities.

Item 19. Advisory services in the field of human rights

Situation of human rights in Cambodia

54. In its resolution 48/154 of 20 December 1993, entitled "Situation of human rights in Cambodia", the General Assembly welcomed the establishment in Cambodia of an operational presence of the Centre for Human Rights, welcomed also the appointment by the Secretary-General of a Special Representative to undertake the tasks set out in paragraph 6 of Commission on Human Rights resolution 1993/6, and requested the Secretary-General to report to the General Assembly at its forty-ninth session on the role of the Centre for Human Rights in assisting the Cambodian Government and people in the promotion and protection of human rights and on any recommendation made by the Special Representative on matters within his mandate.

Assistance to Somalia in the field of human rights

55. In its resolution 48/146 of 20 December 1993, entitled "Situation of human rights in Somalia", the General Assembly requested that, following the restoration of political stability and security in Somalia, the Commission on Human Rights, in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations, should consider establishing a group of independent human rights monitors, funded from within existing United Nations resources, to receive complaints and collect and investigate reports of violations of human rights and to transmit them, where appropriate, to the United Nations Centre for Human Rights, in an effort to prevent human rights violations.

Item 22. Rights of the child, including:

Sub-item (b) Report of the Special Rapporteur on the sale of children

56. At its forty-eighth session, the General Assembly adopted resolution 48/136 of 20 December 1993, entitled "Plight of street children", in which it called upon special rapporteurs, special representatives and working groups of the Commission on Human Rights and the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities, within their mandates, to pay particular attention to the plight of street children.

57. The General Assembly also adopted resolution 48/156 of 20 December 1993, entitled "Need to adopt efficient international measures for the prevention of the sale of children, child prostitution and child pornography". In the resolution, the Assembly expressed its support of the work of the Special Rapporteur appointed by the Commission on Human Rights to examine all over the world the question of the sale of children, child prostitution and child pornography, and urged him to continue his efforts in the discharge of his mandate. It requested the Commission to consider, during its fiftieth session, the creation of a working group to study, as a matter of priority, the elaboration of guidelines, in close contact with the Special Rapporteur, of a possible draft convention on the issue related to the sale of children, child prostitution and child pornography, as well as the basic measures required for preventing and eradicating these serious problems. It also invited the Special Rapporteur, within the framework of his mandate, to continue providing attention to the economic, social, legal and cultural factors affecting these phenomena.

58. The General Assembly also adopted resolution 48/157 of 20 December 1993, entitled "Protection of children affected by armed conflict", in which it expressed grave concern about the tragic situation of children in many parts of the world as a result of armed conflicts, and requested bodies and organizations of the United Nations, as well as intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations, within the scope of their respective mandates, to cooperate in order to ensure more effective action in addressing the problem of children affected by armed conflicts. The Assembly requested the Secretary-General to appoint an expert, working in collaboration with the Centre for Human Rights and the United Nations Children's Fund, to undertake a comprehensive study of this question, and invited the Commission on Human Rights to consider the study at its fifty-first session.

ANNEX

List of resolutions adopted by the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session relating to human rights

Res. No.	Title	Relevant agenda item of the fiftieth session of the Commission on Human Rights
48/41	Report of the Special Committee to Investigate Israeli Practices Affecting the Human Rights of the Palestinian People and Other Arabs of the Occupied Territories	4
48/89	Status of the International Convention on the Suppression and Punishment of the Crime of Apartheid	
48/90	Report of the Committee on the Elimination of Racial Discrimination	16
48/91	Third Decade to Combat Racism and Racial Discrimination	14
48/92	Use of mercenaries as a means to violate human rights and to impede the exercise of the right of peoples to self-determination	9
48/93	Universal realization of the right of peoples to self-determination	9
48/94	Importance of the universal realization of the right of peoples to self-determination and of the speedy granting of independence to colonial countries and peoples for the effective guarantee and observance of human rights.	9
48/104	Declaration on the Elimination of Violence against Women	11 (a)
48/105	International Research and Training Institute for the Advancement of Women	11 (a)
48/106	Improvement of the status of women in the Secretariat	11 (a)
48/107	United Nations Development Fund for Women	11 (a)
48/108	Implementation of the Nairobi Forward-looking Strategies for the Advancement of Women	11 (a)
48/109	Improvement of the situation of women in rural areas	11 (a)
48/110	Violence against women migrant workers	11 (a)

48/111	Merger of the International Research and Training Institute for the Advancement of Women and the United Nations Development Fund for Women	11 (a)
48/113	Convening of a United Nations conference for the comprehensive consideration and review of the problems of refugees, returnees, displaced persons and migrants	11 (d)
48/119	International covenants on human rights	15
48/120	Effective implementation of international instruments on human rights, including reporting obligations under international instruments on human rights.	16
48/121	World Conference on Human Rights	
48/122	Human Rights and terrorism	11 (a)
48/123	Alternative approaches and ways and means within the United Nations system for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms	11 (a)
48/124	Respect for the principles of national sovereignty and non-interference in the internal affairs of States in their electoral processes	11 (a)
48/125	Strengthening of United Nations action in the field of human rights through the promotion of international cooperation and the importance of non-selectivity, impartiality and objectivity	11 (a)
48/126	United Nations Year for Tolerance	11 (a)
48/127	Decade for human rights education	11 (a)
48/128	Elimination of all forms of religious intolerance	20
48/129	Strengthening of the Centre for Human Rights of the Secretariat.	11 (c)
48/130	Right to development	8
48/131	Enhancing the effectiveness of the principle of periodic and genuine elections	11 (a)
48/132	Strengthening of the rule of law	11 (a)
48/133	International Year of the World's Indigenous People, 1993	17
48/134	National institutions for the promotion and protection of human rights	11 (b)
48/135	Internally displaced persons	11 (d)
48/136	Plight of street children	22 (b)
48/137	Human rights in the administration of justice	10

48/138	Declaration on the Rights of Persons Belonging to National or Ethnic, Religious and Linguistic Minorities	18	
48/139	Human rights and mass exoduses	11	(d)
48/140	Human rights and scientific and technological progress		
48/141	High Commissioner for the promotion and protection of all human rights	11	(a)
48/142	Situation of human rights in Cuba	12	
48/143	Rape and abuse of women in the areas of armed conflict in the former Yugoslavia	12	
48/144	Situation of human rights in Iraq	12	
48/145	Situation of human rights in the Islamic Republic of Iran.	12	
48/146	Situation of human rights in Somalia	19	
48/147	Situation of human rights in the Sudan	12	
48/148	International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families.	13	
48/149	Situation of human rights in El Salvador	3	
48/150	Situation of human rights in Myanmar	12	
48/151	Human rights in Haiti	12	
48/152	Situation of human rights in Afghanistan	12	
48/153	Situation of human rights in the territory of the former Yugoslavia: violations of human rights in the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina, the Republic of Croatia and the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro)	12	
48/154	Situation of human rights in Cambodia	19	
48/155	Situation of human rights in Estonia and Latvia	12	
48/156	Need to adopt efficient international measures for the prevention of the sale of children, child prostitution and child pornography	22	(b)
48/157	Protection of children affected by armed conflicts	22	(b)
48/163	International Decade of the World's Indigenous People	17	